

Ireland-Claisen Rearrangement for the Stereoselective Formation of the C₂-C₃ Bond in Taxanes

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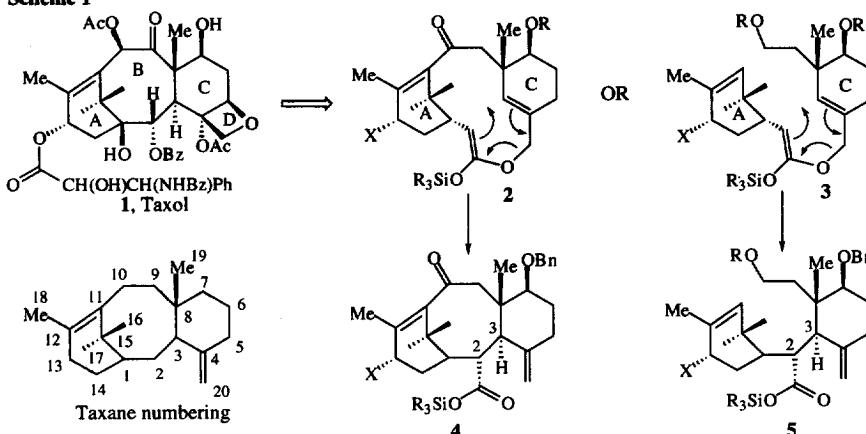
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Abstract: Ireland-Claisen rearrangement of the ester 21 gave 22 with the correct C₃ stereochemistry.

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Research on the synthesis of the antitumor diterpene taxol®¹ has produced a wide variety of strategies for the construction of the core structure,² and to-date six total syntheses have been reported.^{3a-f} Our recent studies in this area have focused on the strategy depicted in Scheme 1 involving the synthesis of the A- and C-rings, **2** and **3** respectively, and their subsequent connection to form the central B-ring.⁴ While the Ireland-Claisen rearrangement reaction⁵ has been used by Funk to contract a 10-membered lactone B-ring precursor into the central 8-membered B-ring, the strategy did not accommodate the *gem*-methyl group in the A-ring.⁶

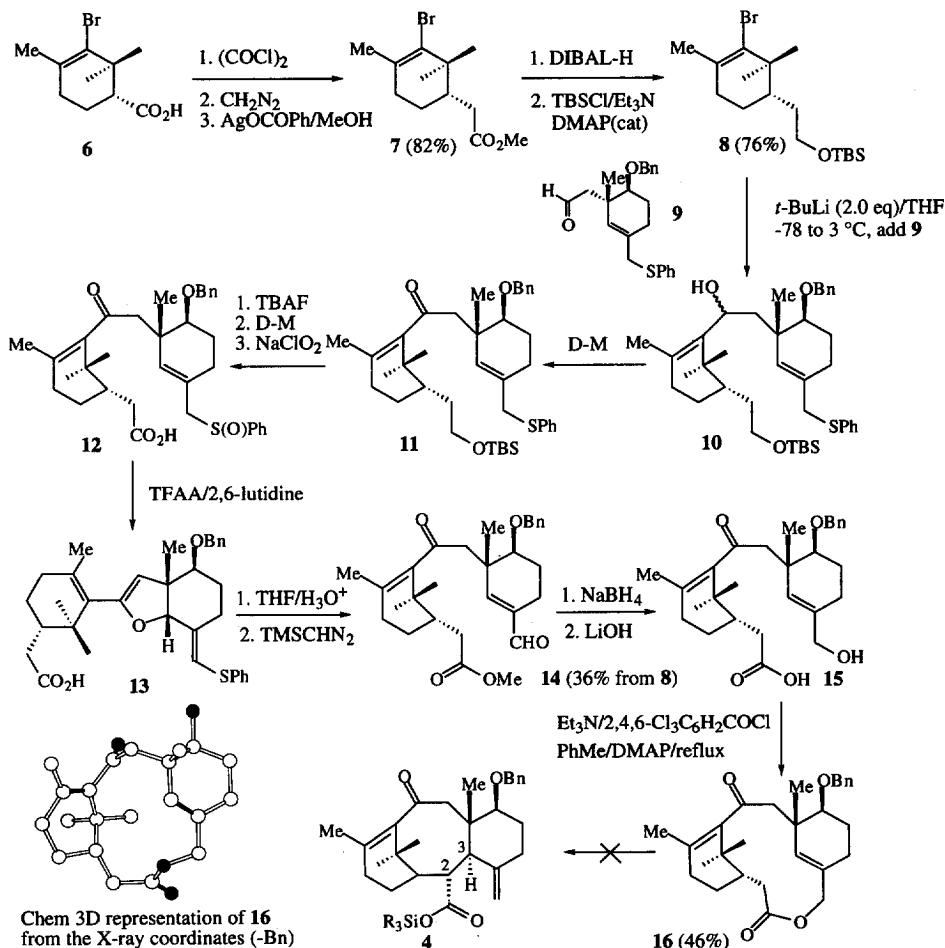
Scheme 1



Since we have ready access to A- and C- ring components in an enantioenriched form^{7,4} we considered two possible Ireland-Claisen rearrangements to form the C₂-C₃ bond. The 12-membered ring ketene acetal **2** rearrangement to give **4**, and the acyclic version **3** that can produce **5**. In order to test these two possibilities the appropriate lactone **16**, Scheme 2 and ester **21**, Scheme 3 were synthesized. Classical Arndt-Eistert homologation of **6**⁷ gave **7**, which was converted into **8**, followed by bromine-lithium exchange and addition of **9**, resulted in **10**. Dess-Martin (D-M) oxidation⁸ of **10** gave **11** which was converted into the acid **12**. During this sequence of reactions the sulfide was oxidized to the sulfoxide. Exposure of the allylic sulfoxide

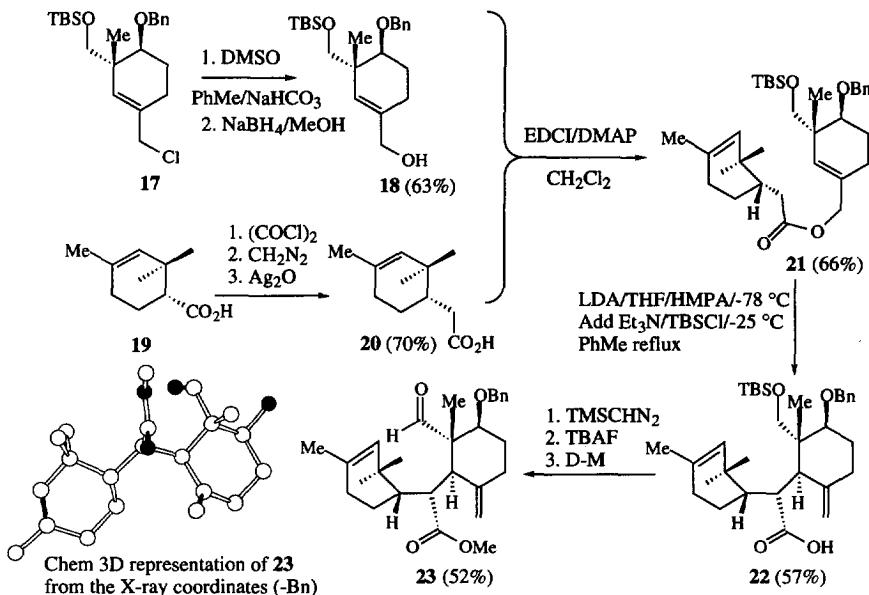
12 to Pummerer reaction conditions (TFAA) resulted in the dihydrofuran **13**. Presumably the intermediate vinyl sulfonium ion has been trapped by the C₁₀ carbonyl group, which after proton loss provides **13**. Treatment of **13** with aqueous acid followed by TMSCHN₂ gave **14**, which on reduction and hydrolysis provided **15**. Macrolactonization of **15** using the Yamaguchi procedure⁹ gave **16** (46%), which variable temperature ¹H NMR showed slow conformational equilibration of two major conformers. The structure of **16** was confirmed by X-ray analysis. Exposure of **16** to the standard Ireland-Claisen reaction procedures that work in the case of **21** (Scheme 3), only gave **15**. Even if large excesses of LiNPr₂ⁱ and TBSCl are used (to also form the C₁₀ enol ether) the same result is obtained. It appears that the transition state from **2** to **4** is too strained, and fragmentation to the ketene takes place, resulting in **15** on work-up. Consequently, it was decided to explore the Ireland-Claisen strategy on the ester **21** which should not suffer the same transannular strain present in the lactone substrate.

Scheme 2



Kornblum oxidation¹⁰ of **17**, followed by reduction gave **18**, Scheme 3. Attempts to displace the allylic chloride **17** with other oxygen nucleophiles such as superoxide gave very poor results. The racemic version of **19** was resolved via its S-(*-*)- α -methylbenzylamide derivative⁷ and hydrolyzed to give **19**.¹¹ Arndt-Eistert homologation of **19** provided **20**, which was coupled to **18** resulting in the ester **21**. Exposure of **21** to standard Ireland-Claisen reaction conditions gave **22** as the only detectable stereoisomer. It was converted into **23** whose structure was established by X-ray crystallography. As expected, the newly formed C₂-C₃ bond has the correct absolute stereochemistry as in taxol.

Scheme 3



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References and Footnotes

- Paclitaxel is the generic name for Taxol, which is now a registered trademark. For the isolation and structure see: Wani, M. C.; Taylor, H. L.; Wall, M. E.; Coggon, P.; McPhail, A. T. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1971**, *93*, 2327.
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